Law School Program

	Juris Doctor The Law School Program cultivates legal professionals to meet all of the following four characteristics.
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Educational purpose	 Capable of putting the knowledge, experience and skills already gained as an adult member of society into the actual work of legal profession Well-rounded human nature and perception as well as high ethics as a legal professional Ability to apply specialized legal knowledge to concrete dispute solution and solve new problems flexibly with the appraisal of existing ideas Capable of contributing to social development with a sufficient understanding of leading-edge legal areas
Vision of human resources development	Specifically, the Program cultivates legal professionals as mainly described below (any of them depending on the backgrounds and goals of individuals), while, whether in any case, the knowledge, experience and skills owned by adult members of society are utilized. • Human resources to whom the civilian population can easily access to solve legal disputes such as general civil or criminal cases, household disputes, illegal activities and consumer problems • Human resources who can use advanced specialized knowledge to plan national or municipal policy • Human resources such as corporate personnel in charge of legal affairs who can use advanced specialized knowledge in the leading-edge areas of law, including global business, social security law and intellectual property law • Human resources of well-rounded human nature backed up by social experience

Diploma Policy

The degree of Juris Doctor is commenced to those who have fulfilled the requirements for the completion of the Professional degree programs, as set out in the Graduate School Regulations of the University of Tsukuba and related university regulations, and who are deemed to have the following competencies.

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Competencies	Evaluation perspectives
1. Legal mind: Ability as a working- level legal professional to grasp appropriately legal problems out of concrete cases and solve them	 If the basic and systematic knowledge about basic laws and the legal thinking ability were gained If applied and classic legal knowledge and comprehensive interpretation ability for the legal problems in relation to basic laws were gained If the understanding of laws different from that for positive laws was gained
2. Awareness of mission, development of ethical view, work processing and solving: Advanced professional awareness and specialized ability to practically process and solve legal dispute cases	 If basic skills necessary for legal professionals are gained If the overview of lawsuits is understood through concrete problems concerning lawsuit work If lawsuit work is experienced through firsthand cases or simulated trial
3. Meeting leading-edge challenges: Ability to appropriately meet leading-edge legal challenges that arise with social transition	If specialized knowledge about the leading-edge and applied areas of law is gained

Curriculum Policy

To allow students as working adult members of society, who in reality can involve themselves in daily learning only for a very limited length of time, to effectively gain systematic knowledge of law, the Program offers systematic and repetitive education with the adoption of a three-stage system of subjects for the basic legal subjects that especially demand systematic knowledge. With this, students seek to complete the acquisition of specialized legal knowledge, thinking ability, analytical ability, expressive ability, etc. that are necessary for actual work as legal professionals.

Curriculum organization policy

The curriculum is organized for adult members of society with working experience including those who are and who are not legal professionals passing the bar exams, so that they will be able to deliver a variety of legal services.

- With the basic legal subjects, students acquire extensive legal qualities, that is, the legal mind.
- With the practical basic legal subjects, which use concrete dispute cases as study materials, students learn the techniques for practically processing legal problems and directing themselves to resolution.
- With the legal basic/interdisciplinary subjects, students expand their horizon to a greater understanding of law from a point of view different from that for positive laws.
- With the developed/leading-edge subjects, students gain the proficiency that can work with the leading-edge legal problems arising in the actual society.

Learning methods • Processes

- The Program includes "Course for Students without Legal Background" intended for students with no legal study background (to be completed by 3 years) and "Course for Students with Legal Background" intended for students with legal study background (to be completed by 2 years).
- The "extension system" is available to meet the need of working adult members of society who manage to work their way through school to seek to be certified as legal professionals. The use of this system permits students with no legal study background to extend the learning period to four years if the period of three years, which is the standard limit to complete the Program, is estimated to be insufficient due to their circumstances such as reasons related to their work condition. For students with legal study background, the period permitted to extend using this system is up to three years.
- For students who never have learned law in earnest before the enrollment in the Program, we also highlight introduction training such as basic seminars, etc.
- The Program is committed to structuring a system that allows working students to learn out of the classroom (on occasions of a business trip, etc.) through ICT (information and communications technology).
- To operate as a practical legal professional, students are required to have the attitude to appropriately grasp where a legal problem lies in the case in dispute through conversation with concerned parties, then determine the course of action to take for the problem, and finally enter the actual negotiation to lead the problem to resolution.

Therefore, to see whether students have acquired these capabilities, the Program places emphasis on how they react in the classes in which an interactive style is basically adopted.

Evaluation of learning outcomes

Students must earn the total required number of credits to complete along with an attendance for three years or more for the Course for Students without Legal Background and two years or more for the Course for Students with Legal Background. In addition, to have the degree granted, students must attain a GPA of 1.50 or more in the final year. As for the promotion requirement at each academic year, a specified number or more of credits must be earned in required subjects, and the GPA must be 1.50 or more.

In addition, the students in the Course for Students without Legal Background must prove themselves in the common achievement verification exam as the promotion requirement to get promoted from the first to the second academic year.

To calculate GPA, the evaluation of each subject that the student registered to take is converted as follows: 4 evaluation points for A+, 3 evaluation points for A, 2 evaluation points for B, 1 evaluation points for C, and 0 evaluation points for D. These conversions are used to determine GPA by the multiplication with the number of credits of each subject.

As the evaluation of learning outcomes, drafting (text composition) ability is judged from the written exam of each subject, and thereby the achievement of the knowledge and abilities the Program seeks to cultivate is evaluated.

Admission Policy

Desired students

He or she should be an adult member of society with working experience, etc. who wish to gain the ability to identify and logically analyze legal problems to deliver legal services in the future by linking legal knowledge and skills to the knowledge, experience and skills that they now already possess.

Selection policy

[Candidates with no legal study background]

1 First exam: Written exam

Successful candidates are selected with the score of the written (essay) exam. The written exam gives such tasks that can appropriately evaluate the candidates' ability in reading, logical thinking, analysis and discussion.

② Second exam: Oral exam and document screening (Only for successful candidates of the first exam)

Each candidate is separately interviewed to see if they have the qualities, noble goals and enthusiasm to be a legal professional.

Then, the acceptance of candidates (final successful candidates) is decided up to the overall evaluation including the evaluation of the oral exam, the undergraduate performance, etc. provided in the submitted application documents, remarkable linguistic qualifications, other qualifications, and the relationship between the candidate's experience as an adult member of society and the reason for wishing to learn in the Law School Program and be a legal professional.

[Candidates with legal study background]

Candidates are required to take a legal subject essay exam as the first exam (written exam) to evaluate if they are recognized as a learned individual versed in required basic knowledge of law.

The successful candidates of the first exam are decided with the score of the written exam (legal subject essay exam), and they are placed to take the second exam (oral exam and document screening) to select final successful candidates as is the case with candidates of no legal study background.